

PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

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DATA SHEET

PART NO. : LS193JGCT-YY

REV : <u>A/2</u>

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL :_

DCC :

DRAWING NO. : DS-51-20-010

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LD-R/E020



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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters
- 2. Tolerance is ± 0.10 mm unless otherwise noted



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FEATURES

- Package (L/W/H) : 1.6*0.75*1.1 mm
- Color: Green light
- Lens: Transparent planar colloid
- EIA STD Package
- Meet ROHS, Green Product
- Compatible With SMT Automatic Equipment
- Compatible With Infrared Reflow Solder Process

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : (Ta = 25° C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------|--|------|
| Power Dissipation | Pd | 40 | mW |
| Peak Forward | IFP | 60 | mA |
| DC Forward Current | IF | 25 | mA |
| Backward Voltage | VR | 5 | V |
| Operating Temperature | Topr | -40°C ~ +85°C | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40°C ~ +85°C | |
| Soldering Condition | Tsol | Reflow soldering : 260°C Hand soldering : 300°C | |

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS : (Ta = 25° C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test |
|-----------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| Light Intensity | IV | 20 | 34 | 58 | mcd | IF = 20mA |
| Viewing Angle | 201/2 | | 120 | | deg | IF = 20mA |
| Dominant Wavelength | λd | 568 | 571 | 574 | nm | IF = 20mA |
| Forward Voltage | VF | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.4 | V | IF =20mA |
| Backward Voltage | IR | | | 5 | μA | VR = 5V |
| Spectral Line Half-Width | Δλ | | 20 | | nm | IF = 20mA |

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Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted

Forward Current VS. Forward Voltag (Ta=25°C)



Relative Intensity VS. Ambient Temperature (Ta=25 °C)



Maximum Forward Current VS. Ambient temperature



Relative Intensity VS. Forward Current (Ta=25°C)





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Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

| Bin | Min | Max | Unit | Condition |
|-----|-----|-------|------|------------|
| | | IVIUA | Cint | Condition |
| P11 | 20 | 24 | | |
| P12 | 24 | 28 | | |
| P13 | 28 | 34 | mad | IF =20mA |
| P14 | 34 | 40 | mcd | IF –20IIIA |
| P15 | 40 | 48 | | |
| P16 | 48 | 58 |] | |

Note: Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±10%

Bin Range of Forward Voltage

| Bin | Min | Max | Unit | Condition |
|-----|-----|-----|------|-----------|
| VE | 1.8 | 1.9 | | |
| VF | 1.9 | 2.0 | | |
| VG | 2.0 | 2.1 | V | IE 20m A |
| VH | 2.1 | 2.2 | v | IF = 20mA |
| VI | 2.2 | 2.3 | | |
| VJ | 2.3 | 2.4 | | |

Note: Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V.

Bin Range of Wavelength

| Bin | Min | Max | Unit | Condition |
|------|-----|-----|------|-----------|
| YG9 | 568 | 569 | | |
| YG10 | 569 | 570 | | |
| YG11 | 570 | 571 | - nm | IF = 20mA |
| YG12 | 571 | 572 | | |
| YG13 | 572 | 573 | | |
| YG14 | 573 | 574 | | |

Notes: Tolerance of Wavelength: ± 1nm

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Reel And Tape Dimensions

Packing quantity: 4000 PCS/rolls



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Cautions :

welding

- SMD LED is soft and easy to damage the luminous surface and plastic shell by external force.
 It should be handled lightly when welding
- 2.It is recommended to use soldering flux with tin wash type, reflow soldering according to the condition of reflux curve, reflow twice at most, ensure the LED luminous surface is clean, foreign matter will affect the luminous color.
- 3.Manual welding is only recommended for repair and heavy industry; The maximum welding temperature should not exceed 300 degrees, and must be completed within 3 seconds (manual welding can only be welded once) soldering iron maximum power should not exceed 25W.
- 4.During the soldering process, do not touch the lens at high temperature, After soldering, any mechanical force on the lens or any excessive vibration shall not be accepted to apply, also the circuit board shall not be bent as well.
- 5.Please do not use different BIN LED on the same product, otherwise it may cause serious color difference.

cleaning

- No ultrasonic cleaning. It is recommended to use isopropyl alcohol, pure alcohol to wipe or soak, not more than 1 minute, and leave at room temperature for 15 minutes before use. After cleaning, make sure the LED luminous surface is clean and the foreign matter will affect the luminous color.
- 2. LED. Avoid touching or contaminating the water, trichloroethylene, acetone, sulfide, nitride, acid, alkali, and salts that can damage leds



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enbedment

- 1. Volatile substances to leach into the LED inside, photons in electricity and heat conditions, will lead to the LED color, thus causing serious droop, it is forbidden to use any of the LED device performance or reliability of harmful substances or materials, for a specific purpose and use of the environment, advice on all the material and the material compatibility test. When attaching LED, do not use adhesive that can produce volatile organic gas.
- 2. It is recommended to light up for 168 hours at room temperature for a small amount of test before using normal filling and sealing glue.

save

- 1. Before opening the package, LED should be stored in a temperature 30 $^\circ\!C$ or below, under RH60 % relative humidity, used in a year_
- 2. LED is humidity sensitive element, element to avoid moisture absorption, after open the packing, the LED should be in temperature 30 °C or below, within 60% relative humidity, using time 7 days. After moisture absorption, LED may crack when reflow soldering, influence the luminous color. For bulk is not used, please deal with the tide (for package product: bake 60 °C + / 5 °C / 24 h.For bulk goods: baking 105 °C + 5 °C, 1 hours), and then save after sealed with aluminum foil bag or stored in nitrogen moistureproof enclosure
- 3. Avoid the presence of acid, alkali and corrosive gas in the preservation environment, and avoid strong vibration and strong magnetic field.

electrostatic

- 1. Static electricity or peak surge voltage will damage the LED, avoiding instantaneous voltage when the lamp is turned on or off.
- 2. It is recommended to wear anti-static wrist bands, anti-static gloves and anti-static shoes when using LED. The equipment and instruments used are properly grounded. After the LED was damaged, the leakage current increased obviously, the forward voltage of low current became lower, and the low current point did not light, etc

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test

- LED shall be driven at rated current, and shall be protected by current-limiting resistance in the circuit. Otherwise, slight voltage changes will cause large current changes, which will damage the LED.
- 2. When the circuit is on or off, avoid sudden surge voltage. Otherwise, the LED will be burnt out Please check the LED as shown



- 3. If the forward voltage VF is too high or the reverse voltage VR is too high, the LED will be damaged.
- 4. When lighting or testing the LED, the reverse voltage added on both ends of the LED shall not be higher than 5V, otherwise it is easy to damage the LED
- 5. LED luminous color will vary slightly with the working current. It is suggested that resistance and LED should be used in series in the design



6. LED is easy to change due to its own heat and changes in the temperature of the environment. The increase in temperature will reduce the luminous efficiency of LED, which will affect the luminous color. Heat dissipation should be fully considered in the design

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