

PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. 11F., No. 8, Jiankang Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, Taiwan

11F., No. 8, Jiankang Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, TaiwarTel: 886-2-2225-3733Fax: 886-2-2225-4800E-mail: para@para.com.twwww.paralighttaiwan.com

DATA SHEET

PART NO.: LH3G1009B-HTS

REV : <u>A / 1</u>

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL :	DCC :	
DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007	DATE : 2023-04-15	Page : 1

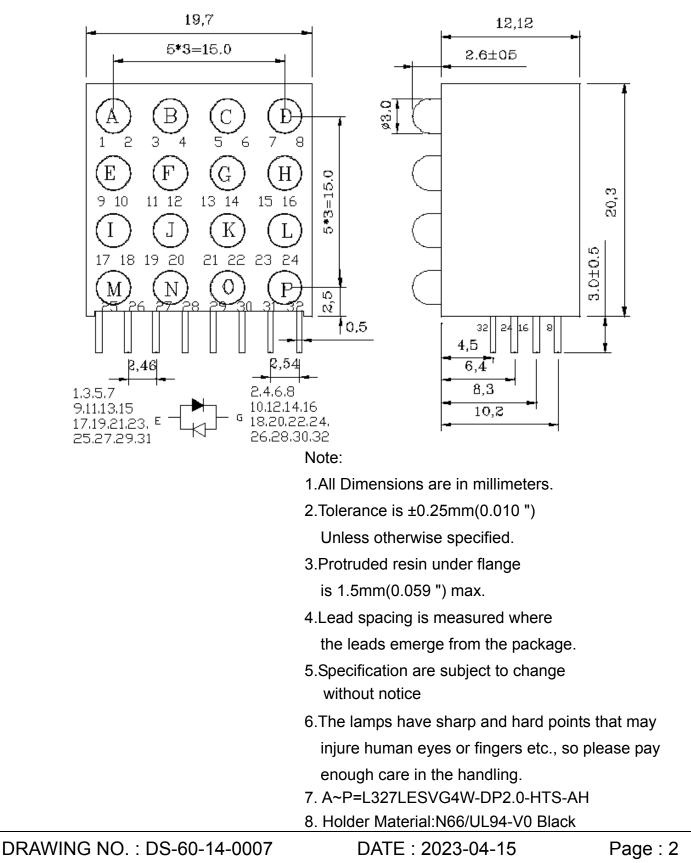
LD-R/E020



LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

FEATURES

- * 3.0mm DIA LED LAMP
- * LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- * I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- * LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- * PB FREE PRODUCTS(Compliant with EU's RoHS.)

CHIP MATERIALS

- * Dice Material : GaAlInP/GaAs & GaAlInP/GaAs
- * Light Color :Super Amber & Green
- * Lens Color :White Diffused

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : (Ta = 25°C)

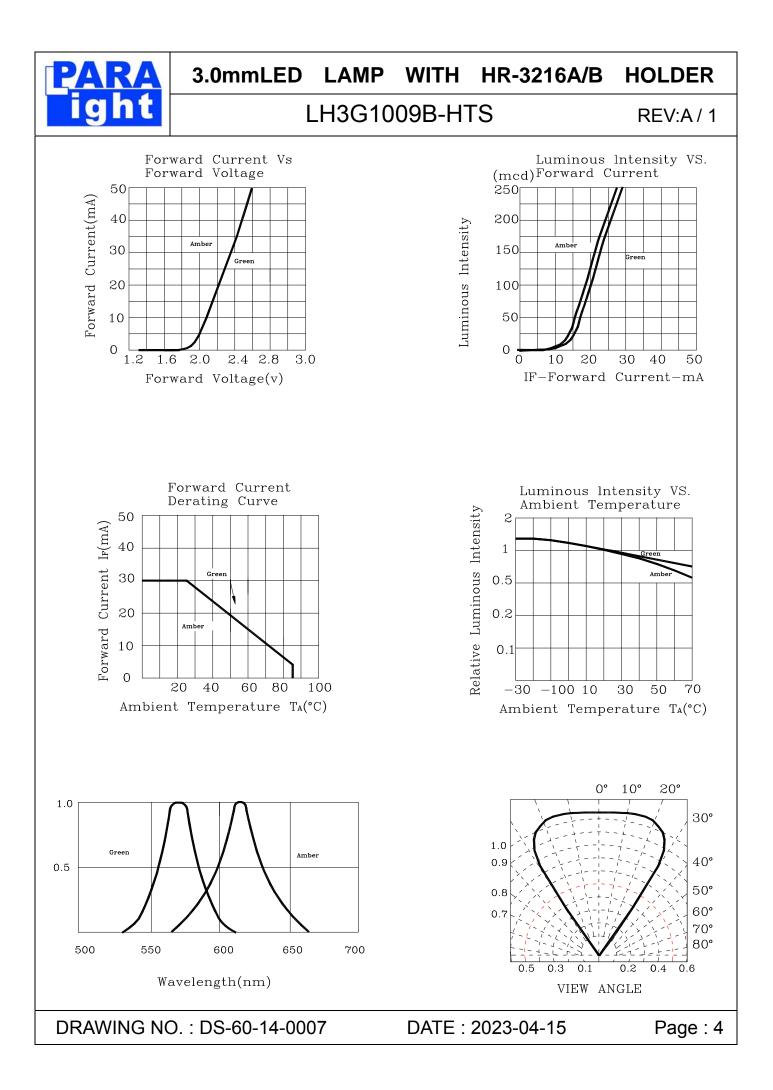
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Super Amber	Green	UNIT
Pad	Power Dissipation	78	78	mW
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	5	V
lF	Average Forward Current	30	30	mA
IPF	Peak Forward Current (Duty=0.1,1KHZ)	100	100	mA
-	Derating Linear Form 25°C	0.40	0.40	mA/°C
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C		
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to 100°C		

EL<u>ECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS : (Ta = 25°C)</u>

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
VF Forward Voltage	IF=20mA	Super Amber	1.7	2.1	2.6	V	
		Green	1.7	2.1	2.6	V	
IR Reverse Current	VR=5V	Super Amber			100	μA	
		Green			100	μA	
λD Dominant Wavelength	IF=20mA	Super Amber	600	605	610	nm	
		Green	564	570	574	nm	
Δλ Spectral Line Half-Width	IF=20mA	Super Amber		25		nm	
		Green		15		nm	
201/2 Half Intensity Angle	IF=20mA	Super Amber		80		deg	
		Green		80		deg	
Iv Luminous Intensity	IF=20mA	Super Amber	50	150	311	mcd	
		Green	50	120	311	mcd	

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15

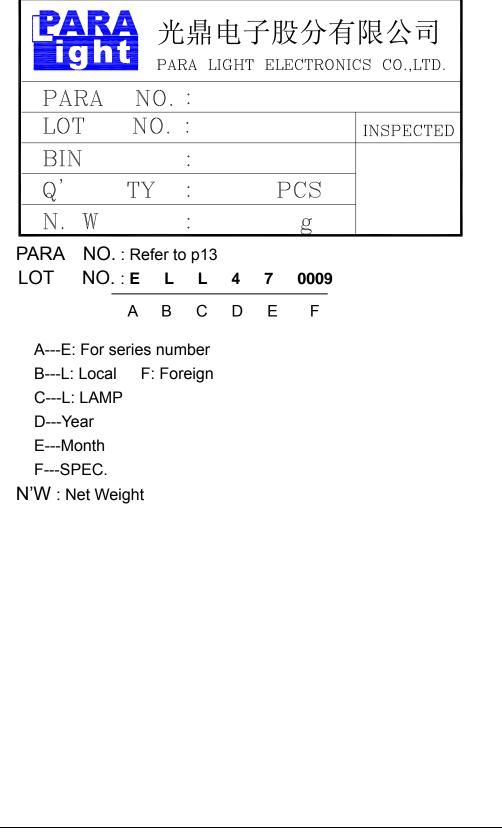




LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

Label Explanation



DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15



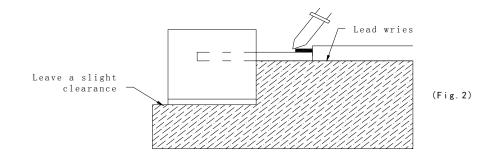
LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

•SOLDERING

-SOLDLININ	5				
METHOD	SOLDERING CONDITIONS	REMARK			
DIP SOLDERING	Bath temperature: 265℃MAX Immersion time: with 5 sec, 1 time	 Solder no closer than 3mm from the base of the package Using soldering flux," RESIN FLUX" is recommended. Attached data of temperatuare cure for your reference 			
SOLDERING IRON	Soldering iron: 30W or smaller Temperature at tip of iron: 300℃ or lower Soldering time: within 5 sec.	• During soldering, take care not to press the tip of iron against the lead.To prevent heat from being transferred directly to the lead, hold the lead with a pair of tweezers while soldering			
1) When soldering	ng the lead of LED in a condition that the	package is fixed with a panel (See Fig.1),			
be careful not to stress the leads with iron tip.					
C Panel (Fig. 1)					
2) When soldering wire to the lead, work with a Fig (See Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.					

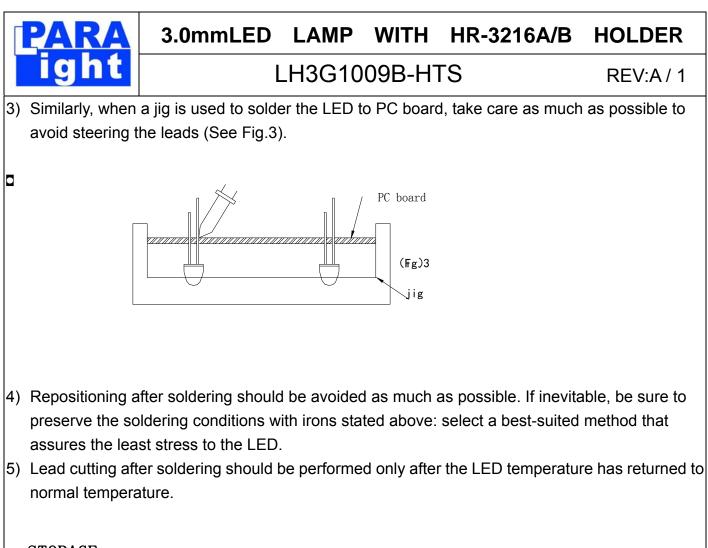
2) When soldering wire to the lead, work with a Fig (See Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.



Regarding solution in the tinning oven for product-tinning, compound sub-solution made of tin & copper and sliver is proposed with the temperature of Celsius 260. The proportion of the alloyed solution is tin 95.5: copper 3.5: silver 0.5 by percentage. The time of tinning is constantly 3 seconds.

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15



• STORAGE

- The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70% RH or less after being shipped from PARA and the storage life limits are 3 months.
- 2) PARA LED lead frames are comprised of a stannum plated iron alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LEDs to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.

Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

DATE : 2023-04-15

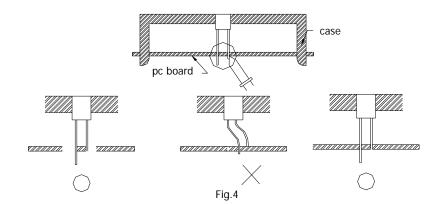


LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

•LED MOUNTING METHOD

3) When mounting the LED by using a case, as shown Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holds on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly-tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LED should be taken into account especially when designing the case, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and board holes, the diameter of the board holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes should be made oval. (See Fig.4)



4) Use LEDs with stand-off (Fig.5) or the tube or spacer made of resin (Fig.6) to position the LEDs.

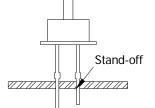
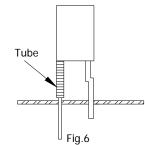


Fig.5



DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15

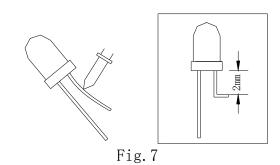


LH3G1009B-HTS

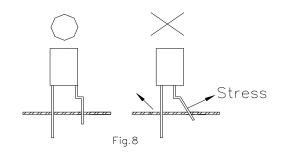
REV:A/1

•FORMED LEAD

1) The lead should be bent at a point located at least 2mm away from the package. Bending should be performed with base fixed means of a jig or pliers (Fig.7)



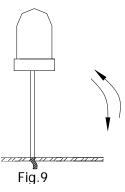
- 2) Forming lead should be carried our prior to soldering and never during or after soldering.
- Form the lead to ensure alignment between the leads and the hole on board, so that stress against the LED is prevented. (Fig.8)



•LEAD STRENGTH

1) Bend strength

Do not bend the lead more than twice. (Fig.9)



DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15



LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

Tensile strength (@Room Temperature)
 If the force is 1kg or less, there will be no problem. (Fig.10)



• HEAT GENERATION

 Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

•CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

- 1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
- 2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be sued. (Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY			
Freon TE	\odot			
Chlorothene	\times			
Isopropyl Alcohol	\odot			
Thinner	\times			
Acetone	\times			
Trichloroethylene	\times			
\odot Usable \checkmark Do not use				

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on such factors as the oscillator output, size of the PC board and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed after confirming there is no problem by conducting a test under practical.

 \odot --Usable X--Do not use.

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15



LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

OTHERS

- 1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- 3) The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- 4) User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from PARA. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform PARA directly before disassembling or analysis.
- 5) The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- 6) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



LH3G1009B-HTS

REV:A/1

Bin	Code	List
-----	------	------

Α		G			
Dom	Dominant Wavelength(λD),Unit:nm@20mA				
Bin Code	Min	Max	Bin Code	Min	Max
01	600	603	G15	564	566
O2	603	606	G16	566	568
O3	606	609	G17	568	570
04	609	610	G18	570	572
			G19	572	574

Tolerance of each bin are±1nm

Luminous Intensity(IV), Unit:mcd@20mA					
Bin Code	Min	Max	Bin Code	Min	Max
М	50	80.9	М	50	80.9
Ν	80.9	113.3	Ν	80.9	113.3
0	113.3	158.6	0	113.3	158.6
Р	158.6	222	Р	158.6	222
Q	222	311	Q	222	311

Tolerance of each bin are±15%

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-14-0007

DATE : 2023-04-15

