

# PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

11F, No.8, Jiankang Rd, Zhonghe Dist, New Taipei City 253, Taiwan

Tel: 886-2-2225-3733 Fax: 886-2-2225-4800 http://www.para.com.tw

# DATA SHEET

PART NO.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV: <u>A / 2</u>

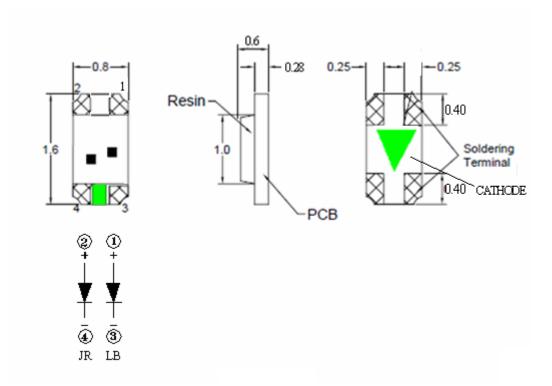
CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL: DCC: DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE:2021-12-03 Page 1



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

#### PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



#### Note:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.1mm (.004") unless otherwise noted

### Features

- \* Dual color, top view, wide view angle Chip LED.
- \* Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reels.
- \* Compatible with automatic Pick & Place equipment.
- \* Compatible with Reflow soldering and Wave soldering processes.
- \* EIA STD package.
- \* I.C. compatible.
- \* Pb free product.
- \* Moisture sensitivity level: 3

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 2 of 14



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

# Chip Materials

chip	Light Color	Dice Material	Lens Color	
JR	Red	AlInGap	Water Class	
LB	Blue	InGaN	Water Clear	

# • Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Cymbol	Parameter	Rating		Unit	
Symbol	Farameter	Red	Blue	Oilit	
PD	Power Dissipation	72	85	mW	
Ipf	Peak Forward Current	80	100	m A	
IPF	(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	80		mA	
IF	Continuous Forward Current	30	25	mA	
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	5	V	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM) <sup>Note A</sup>	2000	1000	V	
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	-40 ~ +85		°C	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range -40 ~ +85		Ç		

Note A:

HBM: Human Body Model. Seller gives no other assurances regarding the ability of to withstand ESD.

# • Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

SYM	IBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
VF	Red	Forward Voltage	IF = 20mA	1.8	2.0	2.4	V
VE	Blue	Forward voitage	IF = ZUITA	2.8	3.1	3.4	
IV	Red	Luminous Intensity IF = 20mA		45	60	112	mcd
1 0	Blue	Luminous Intensity	IF = ZUITA	112	160	280	mcd
20	1/2	Half Intensity Angle	IF = 20mA		130		deg
λD	λD Red	Dominant Wavelength	IF = 20mA	626	631	636	nm
ΛD	Blue	Borninant wavelength	11 – 201174	465	470	475	
Δλ	Red	Spectral Line Half Width	IF = 20mA		25		nm
Δλ Blue		Spectral Line Half-Width	IF = ZUMA		17		
IR	Red	Reverse Current	VR = 5V			10	Δ
Blue		Treverse Guireiit	VIX = 3 V			50	μΑ

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 3 of 14



### Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

#### Notes:

- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that proximities the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2.  $\theta$  1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength  $\lambda$  d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 4. Caution in ESD:
  - Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.
- 5. Major standard testing equipment by "Instrument System" Model: CAS140B Compact Array Spectrometer and "KEITHLEY" Source Meter Model: 2400.

## Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

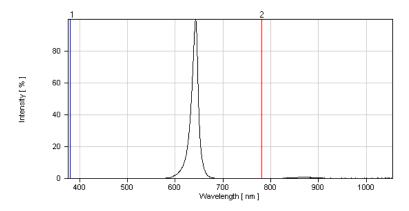


Fig.1 Red Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

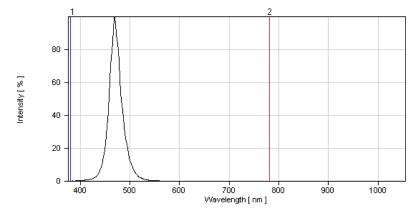


Fig.1 Blue Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 4 of 14



### Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

## Red Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°CAmbient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

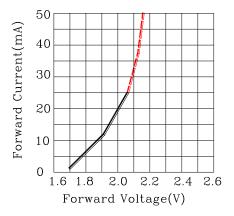


Fig.2 Forward Current vs.Forward Voltage

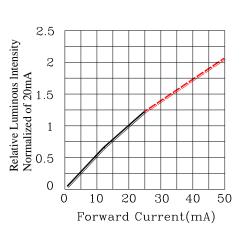


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs.Forward Current

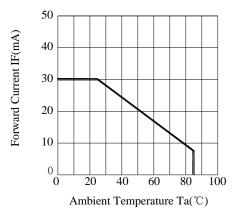


Fig.6 Forward Current Derating Curve

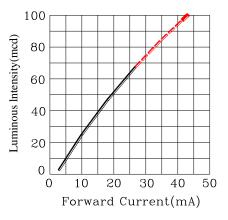


Fig.3 Luminous Intensity vs.Forward Current

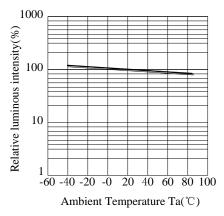


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

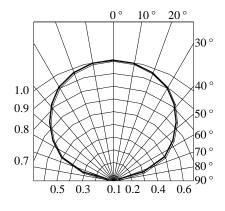


Fig.7 Relative Intensity vs.Angle

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 5 of 14



### Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

## Blue Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°CAmbient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

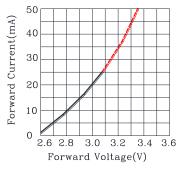


Fig.2 Forward Current vs.Forward Voltage

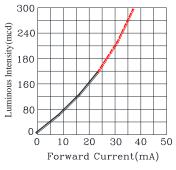


Fig.3 Luminous Intensity vs.Forward Current

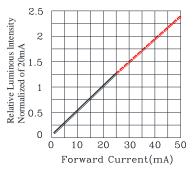


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs.Forward Current

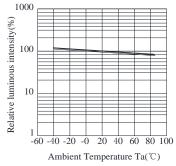


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs.Ambient Temperature

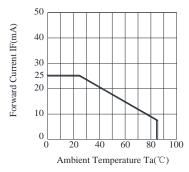


Fig.6 Forward Current Derating Curve

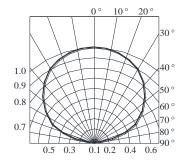


Fig.7 Relative Intensity vs.Angle

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 6 of 14



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

## Label Explanation



ITEM CODE:PARRA LIGHT

PART NO:L-C295JRLBCT

IV --- Luminous Intensity Code

LOT NO: <u>EM S L 12 09</u> 0110 A B C D E F

A---EM: Emos Code

B---S:SMD

L---Local

D---Year

E---Month

F---SPEC.

#### PACKING QUANTITY OF BAG:

3000pcs for 150, 170, 110, 155, 115 series

4000pcs for 191 series

5000pcs for 192 series

DATE CODE: 2012 09 10

G H I

G--- Year

H--- Month

I --- Day

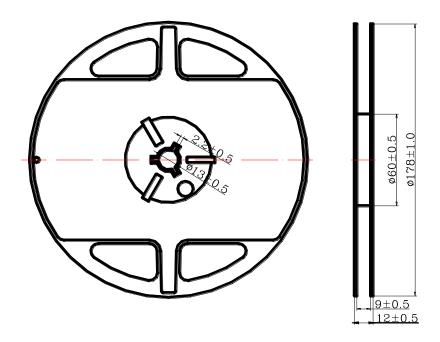
DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 7 of 14



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

### Reel Dimensions



#### Notes:

- 1. Taping Quantity: 4000pcs
- 2. The tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1$ mm, Angle  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ , Unit: mm.

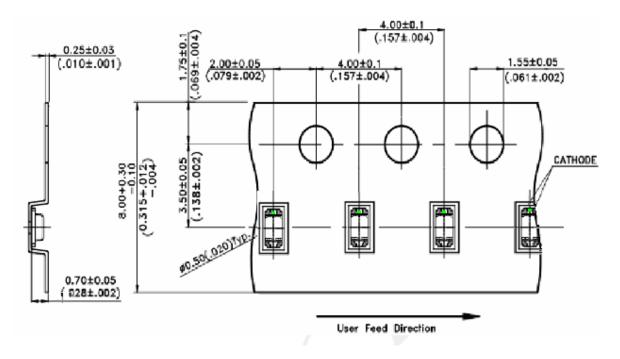
DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 8 of 14



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

# Package Dimensions Of Tape And Reel



Notes: All dimensions are in millimeters.

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 9 of 14



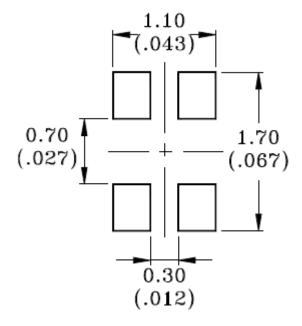
Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

## Cleaning

- $\star$  If cleaning is required, use the following solutions for less than 1 minute and less than 40°C.
- \* Appropriate chemicals: Ethyl alcohol and isopropyl alcohol.
- \* Effect of ultrasonic cleaning on the LED resin body differs depending on such factors as the oscillator output, size of PCB and LED mounting method. The use of ultrasonic cleaning should be enforced at proper output after confirming there is no problem.

## Suggest Soldering Pad Dimensions



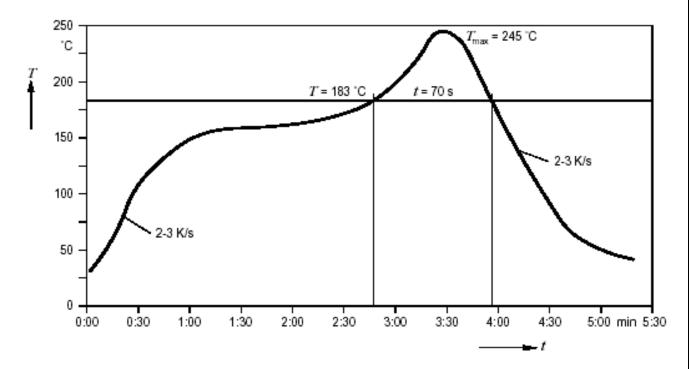
DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 10 of 14



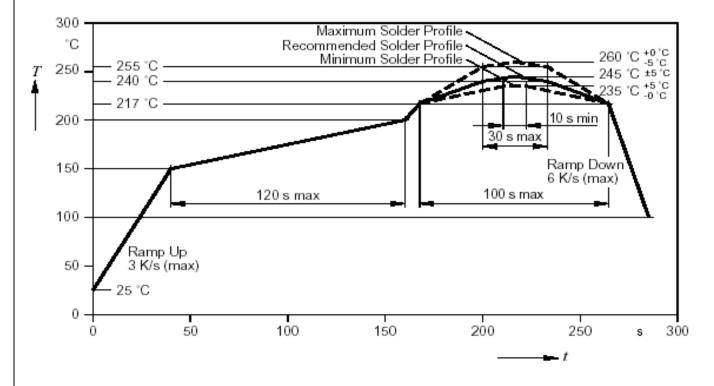
Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

## • Suggest Sn/Pb IR Reflow Soldering Profile Condition:



## • Suggest Pb-Free IR Reflow Soldering Profile Condition:



DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 11 of 14



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

### Bin Code List

Luminous Intensity (IV), Unit: mcd@20mA					
	Red			Blue	
Bin Code	Min	Max	Bin Code	Min	Max
P	45	71	R	112	180
Q	71	112	S	180	280

Tolerance of each bin are  $\pm 15\%$ 

Forward Voltage(VF), Unit:V@20mA			
Blue			
Bin Code	Min	Max	
K8	2.80	2.95	
K9	2.95	3.10	
K10	3.10	3.25	
K11	3.25	3.40	

Tolerance of each bin are  $\pm 0.1$ Volt

Dominant Wavelength (Hue), Unit: nm@20mA			
Blue			
Bin Code	Min	Max	
AC	465	470	
AD	470	475	

Tolerance of each bin are  $\pm 1$ nm

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 12 of 14



Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

#### CAUTIONS

#### 1. Application Limitation:

The LED's described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household application). Consult PARA's sales in advance for information on application in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LED's may directly jeopardize life or health (such as airplanes, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support system and safety devices).

#### 2.Storage:

Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at  $30^{\circ}$ C or less and 90%RH or less.

If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.

Baking treatment: 60±5℃ for 24 hours.

#### 3.Soldering

Do not apply any stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering condition.

Reflow Soldering:

Pre-heat 120~150 ℃, 120sec. MAX., Peak temperature: 240 ℃ Max. Soldering time: 10 sec Max.

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 13 of 14



### Part No.:L-C295JRLBCT

REV:A/2

Soldering Iron: (Not recommended)

Temperature 300 °C Max., Soldering time : 3 sec. Max.(one time only), power dissipation of iron : 20W Max. use SN60 solder of solder with silver content and don't to touch LED lens when soldering.

Wave soldering:

Pre-heat  $100 \,^{\circ}$ C Max, Pre-heat time  $60 \,^{\circ}$ sec. Max, Solder wave  $260 \,^{\circ}$ C Max, Soldering time  $5 \,^{\circ}$ sec. Max. preformed consecutively cooling process is required between  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  soldering processes.

#### 4. Lead-Free Soldering

For Reflow Soldering:

- 1. Pre-Heat Temp:150-180°C,120sec.Max.
- 2. Soldering Temp: Temperature Of Soldering Pot Over 230°C,40sec.Max.
- 3. Peak Temperature: 260°C, 5sec.
- 4. Reflow Repetition:2 Times Max.
- 5. Suggest Solder Paste Formula 93.3 Sn/3.1 Ag/3.1 Bi /0.5 Cu

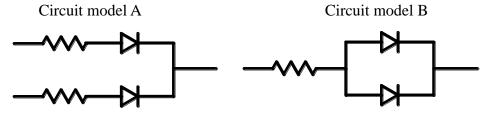
For Soldering Iron (Not Recommended):

- 1. Iron Tip Temp:350°C Max.
- 2. Soldering Iron:30w Max.
- 3. Soldering Time: 3 Sec. Max. One Time.

#### For Dip Soldering:

- 1. Pre-Heat Temp:150°C Max. 120 Sec. Max.
- 2. Bath Temp:265°C Max.
- 3. Dip Time: 5 Sec. Max.

#### 5. Drive Method



(A)Recommended circuit.

(B)The difference of brightness between LED's could be found due to the Vf-If characteristics of LED.

DRAWING NO.: DS-76-15-003 DATE: 2021-12-03 PAGE 14 of 14